

PALESTICE

and

Current Realities

Suicide Bombing

- 1989 First bombing
- 1993 2 bombings
 - 1994 Baruch Goldstein
 - 5 bombings
- 1995-96- 8 bombings
- 1997-2000 12 bombings
- 2001 40 bombings
- 2002 47 bombings
- 2003 23 bombings
 - 468 fatalities
- 2004 17 bombings
- 2005 9 bombings
- 2006-2008 6 bombings





Suicide Bombing and Islamic Fundamentalism

• "Principal cause of suicide terrorism is resistance to foreign occupation, not Islamic fundamentalism ... [which] functions mainly as a recruiting tool." – Cutting the Fuse "Foreign occupation" accounted for *nearly all* ... 95%."

THE EXPLOSION OF GLOBAL SUICIDE TERRORISM & HOW TO STOP IT



ROBERT A. PAPE & JAMES K. FELDMAN



"the unlawful use of for the violence against "Any destruction by the for up into how the freedor personal property 2,000 perint, all celturate performance of periods of the segment thereof. Prohibited "nee of periods of the segment the segment of the seg

Settlements

 Israeli Jewish housing units(towns, cities) in land occupied during 1967 war (i.e., in Gaza Strip and West Bank)

• Gazan settlements withdraw in 2005 by Sharon











International Law

Article 49 – Fourth Geneva Convention: "The occupying power shall not deport or transfer parts of its own population into the territory it occupies..." "Facts on the Ground" •600,000+ settlers in over 120 government-sanctioned settlements Not including outposts 15% of settlers are US citizens (Newsweek, 8/28/15)



Suicide Bombing

- 1989 First bombing
- 1993 2 bombings
 - 1994 Baruch Goldstein
 - 5 bombings
- 1995-96- 8 bombings
- 1997-2000 12 bombings
- 2001 40 bombings
- 2002 47 bombings
- 2003 23 bombings
 - 468 fatalities
- 2004 17 bombings
- 2005 9 bombings
- 2006-2008 6 bombings





THE WEST BANK BARRIER

Security Fence vs. Separation/Apartheid Wall

Construction begins in 2002



FENCE



FENCE







WALL



The Wall – Basic facts

Construction began 16 June
 2002

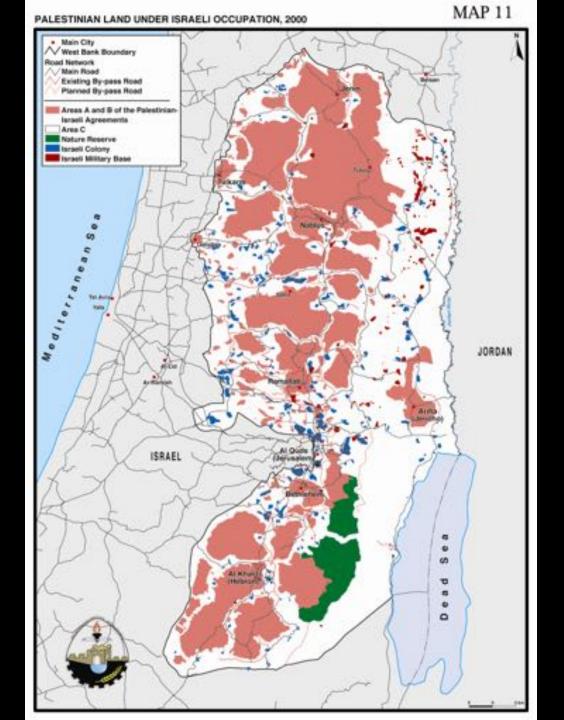
25-40 foot high concrete slabs, trenches, barbed wire "buffer zones", electrified fencing, watch towers, thermal imaging video cameras, sniper towers, and patrol roads

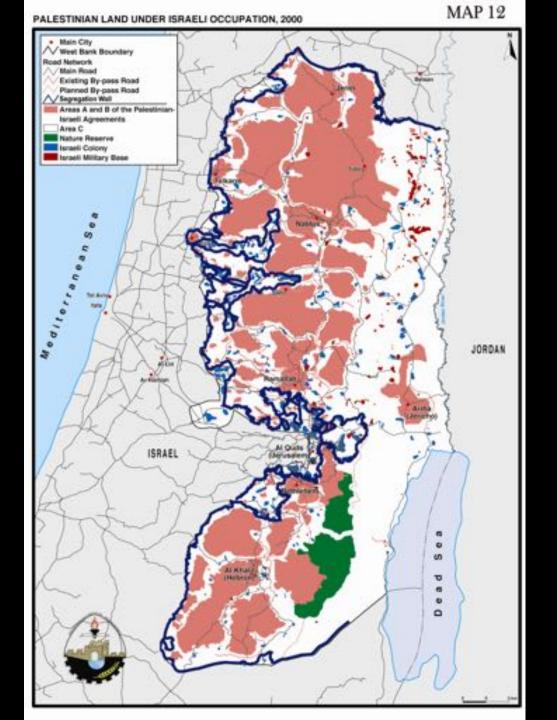
• Where is it exactly?



Final Status Issues

BordersSettlements
Water
Refugees
Jerusalem





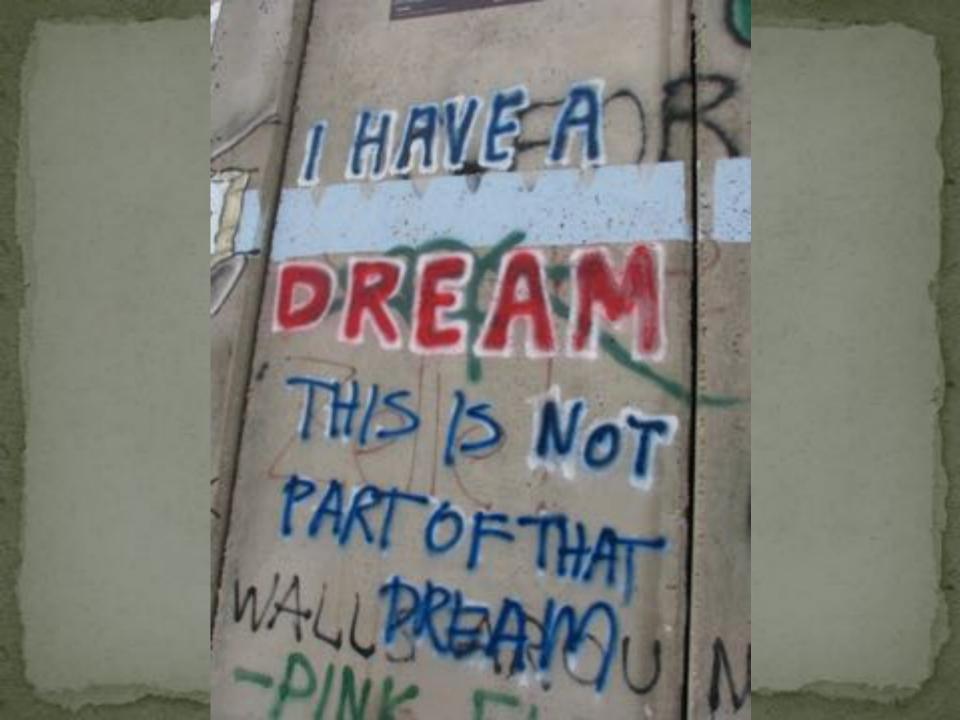
The Wall – Separation or Security?

- Construction began 16 June 2002
- 25-40 foot high concrete slabs, trenches, barbed wire "buffer zones", electrified fencing, watch towers, thermal imaging video cameras, sniper towers, and patrol roads
- Total length 723 km (420 miles) twice the length of the Green Line (1949 Armistice Line)
- 57% (240 miles) completed; 9% (40 miles) under construction; 34% (140 miles) not yet begun
- 14% will be on the Green Line or in Israel; 86% will be inside the West Bank

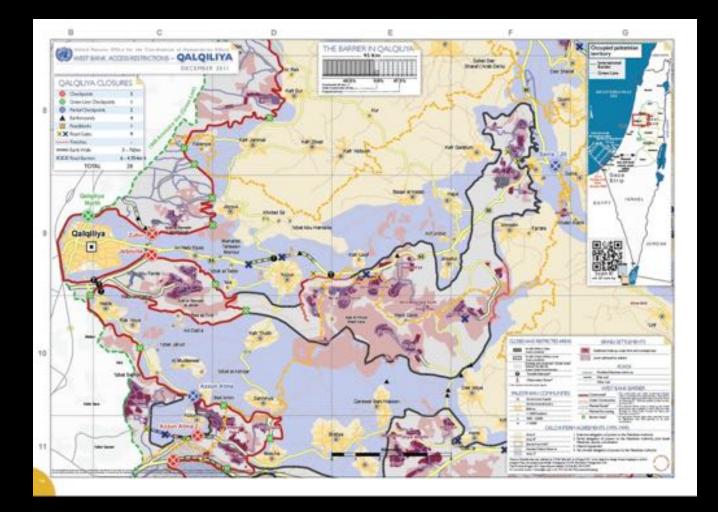
The Wall – Separation or Security?

- 385,000 settlers (80 settlements) live between the Wall and the Green Line
- 28 Palestinian communities (125, 000 residents) will be surrounded on three sides by the Wall
- 8 communities (26,000 residents) will be surrounded on four sides by the Wall – connected to WB by road or tunnel
- Cost \$3.7 million per km = \$4 billion total
 Savings of \$1.7 billion if built along Green Line













Final Status Issues

> Refugees
> Settlements
> Borders
> Water
> Jerusalem

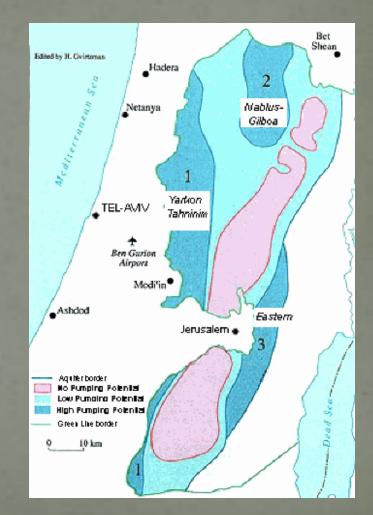
Legally most of the water in the land belongs to Palestine
 Palestinians do not have access to majority of water





Water in the oPT

- Two water systems in Israel and the oPT
 - Underground Mountain Aquifer
 - 130 km (78 miles) from north to south; 35 km (20 miles) east to west
 - Three sub-aquifers
 - Western primary best water
 - Most of recharge area in WB
 Entire storage area in Israel
 95% of water used by Israel
 - Northern Aquifer
 - Recharge and storage areas essentially in WB
 - 70% of water used by Israel
 - **Eastern Aquifer**
 - Entirely in WB
 - 37% of water used by Israel, mostly by settlers







Water in the oPT

- Two water systems in Israel and the oPT
 - Surface system Jordan Basin
 - 330 km (190 miles) from north to south; average width of 30 m
 - Used by Israel, Jordan, Syria, and Lebanon
 - Palestinians have no access to this water
 - 90% of water is diverted whole ecosystem is endangered
 - Israel uses 30% of this water



Water in the oPT

• Per capita water use in oPT – average 63 L/person/day

- 7% of communities <30 liters/person/day</p>
- 36% 30-50 l/d
- 41% 50-100 l/d
- 16% >100 l/d
- WHO minimum recommendation 100 liters per person per day
- Gaza only 7% of water meets WHO standards
 - Cholera, dysentery, hepatitis, yellow fever

 Israelis use 3 times as much water per person per day as do the Palestinians



Flowers in the desert

Irrigation in the former Israeli settlement of Gush Katif in the Gaza Strip

Settlements

• Inequity in resource utilization

• Water

- Settlers domestic consumption of 280 L/person/day
- Palestinians 86 L/person/day
- WHO recommended minimum 100 L/person/day
- But most water use is for farming and industrial purposes – therefore, inequity is much greater

Land

• 3% of West Bank is occupied by settlers

40% controlled and confiscated for roads and areas around settlements



Settlements Israeli home in Gush Katif



<u>Settlers</u>:

\$

Palestinians:

\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$



Road Gates

CONTINUE TO CALL THE THE CALL THE CALL

DDDD EARTH WALLS

A continuous wall or series of earth mounds.

periodically.

ORDAN **VESTBANK**

Number of Obstacles 20% increase from July 2011 to July 2012 42 obstacles removed, 62 new installed



61

08

65

CHECKPOINTS A barrier manned by IDF and/or Border Police.

25 PARTIAL CHECKPOINTS An established checkpoint operating periodically.



ROAD GATES

A metal gate, often manned by IDF, to control movement along roads.



ROADBLOCKS

A series of 1 metre high concrete blocks used to obstruct vehicle access.

206

EARTHMOUNDS

A mound of rubble, dirt and/or rocks used to obstruct vehicle access.

11 TRENCHES

A ditch used to prevent vehicle crossing.

D D 49 ROAD BARRIERS

Road barriers placed alongside major roads prevent movement across the roads.

DDDD ²² EARTH WALLS

A continuous wall or series of earth mounds used to restrict access. In total 542 obstacles

As of June 2012



Flying Checkpoints

Average: 410 per month Areas A and B (Oslo Accords) Areas C

149 Israeli settlements, 100 outposts and land cultivated by Israelis

Israeli military closed areas (Fire Zones) and 48 military bases

Nature Reserves

West Bank Barrier and Areas between the Barrier and the Green Line

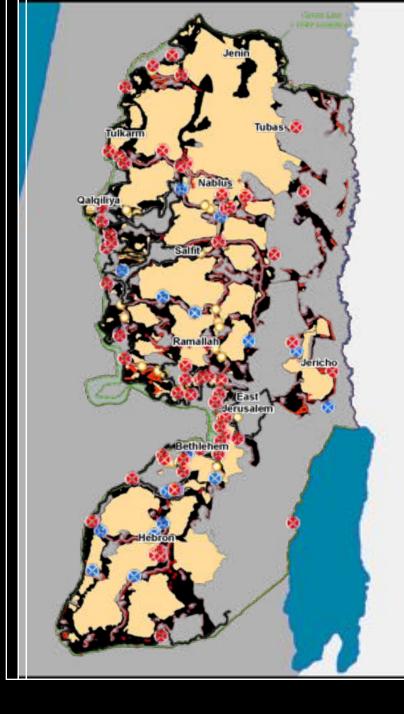
Restricted Roads

Tunnels (As of September 2008)

Closures and Checkpoints

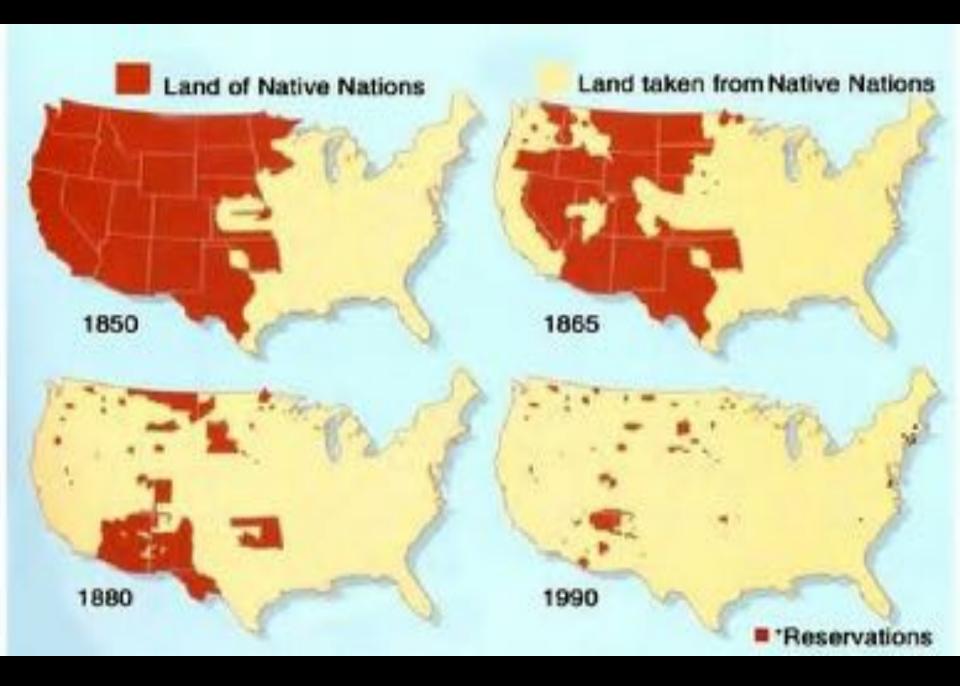
The effect of the closures and the road system

Fragmentation of the West Bank



PALESTINIAN LOSS OF LAND 1946-2010





Final Status Issues

Borders
Settlements
Water
Refugees
Jerusalem